

AWC RRSP

Registered Retirement Savings Plan Information



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WHAT IS AN RRSP?

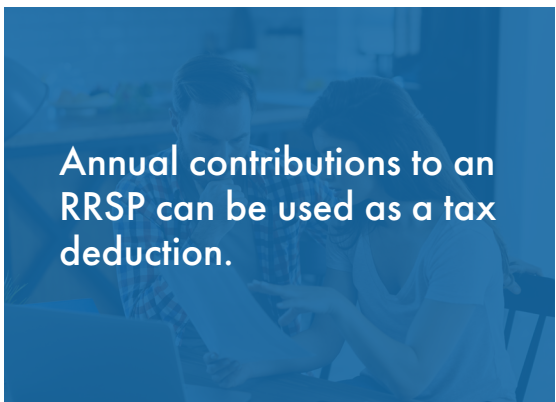
A Registered Retirement Savings Plan, or RRSP, is a special type of investment account designed to encourage Canadians to save for retirement.

WHY OPEN AN RRSP?

Tax benefits are the main motivation for contributing to an RRSP. Annual contributions to an RRSP can be used as a tax deduction, which reduces the amount of tax a person will pay on their income.

RRSP tax benefits come in two forms:

- 1 Tax-Deferred Growth** All investments within an RRSP account grow tax-deferred. In other words, any profits made on investments within an RRSP account in the form of interest, dividends or capital gains are not immediately taxable to you as income. *(Note: there is a difference between tax-deferred and tax-free, RRSP investors do have to pay taxes on the profits in their RRSP, but this does not occur until the funds are withdrawn. Tax deferral remains a benefit because, in theory, income tends to be lower in retirement than in your peak earning years).*
- 2 Tax Credits** The second major tax benefit comes in the form of a tax credit. The contributions are tax-deductible as long as you do not exceed the maximum contribution room.



Annual contributions to an RRSP can be used as a tax deduction.

WHAT IS MY MAXIMUM CONTRIBUTION AMOUNT?

For 2023, the maximum contribution amount is \$30,780.00 or 18% of your annual income. However, you may have unused contribution room. See your most recent Notice of Assessment to see what amount may be available.

WHEN SHOULD I START CONTRIBUTING TO MY RRSP?

If you're like the typical Canadian, you wait until "RRSP season" – the first two months of the year – to make your RRSP contribution. But coming up with the cash all at once can be difficult, especially for those who are still paying the holiday bills. Consider monthly contributions to ensure you achieve your goal. Keep in mind, the earlier you invest, the earlier your investment money starts to grow for you.

HOW MUCH OF A TAX BENEFIT CAN I RECEIVE?

The chart below outlines the tax you pay on the income you earn each year. Each person's tax savings will vary depending on your tax rate bracket and the amount you put into your RRSP. Deferring RRSP and RRIF income is smart, especially in your working years. If you take money out of your RRSPs when you are working, you will probably pay more tax because you will be in a higher tax bracket.



COMBINED FEDERAL & ALBERTA TAX BRACKETS AND TAX RATES

2023 Taxable Income	Marginal Tax Rates
First \$53,359	25.00%
Over \$53,359 up to \$106,717	30.50%
Over \$106,717 up to \$142,292	36.00%
Over \$142,292 up to \$165,430	38.00%
Over \$165,430 up to \$170,751	41.32%
Over \$170,751 up to \$227,668	42.32%
Over \$227,668 up to \$235,675	43.32%
Over \$235,675 up to \$341,502	47.00%
Over \$341,502	48.00%



WHEN SHOULD YOU TAKE MONEY OUT OF YOUR RRSP/RRIFs?

When you retire, remember what the whole point of putting money into the RRSPs was to save and to make retirement the best years of your life. Despite this common goal, too many people hit retirement and are reluctant to spend their RRSPs and RRIFs. This is because of over-generalized advice around the benefits of continued tax deferral. Determining when to withdraw will be based on your individual needs. One strategy to minimize income tax on your RRSP/RRIF at the time of your death is to take annual withdrawals, even if you do not need the money during your retirement years. This strategy will help to maximize the income each year that will be paid out at a lower tax rate.

WHY DEVELOPING AN RRSP WITHDRAWAL STRATEGY MAKES SENSE

- 1 RRSP income can create new claw backs on income-tested programs.** RRSP withdrawals are fully taxable and can cause higher incomes, which can lead to Old Age Security (OAS) claw back, and less Guaranteed Income Supplement (GIS), depending on your income levels. If you know your higher taxable income can create 'claw backs,' it can be advantageous to take money out of the RRSPs before you qualify for these programs.
- 2 Higher incomes in retirement.** If you knew you would pay 32% tax on any RRSP withdrawals in the future, would you be willing to take that money out now at only 25%, even if you did not need the money? In most cases, people retire with less income than when they were working. There are, however, many examples in which people may actually have more income in retirement. This can be more common among people who have defined-benefit pensions and others who plan to work in retirement.
- 3 Deferral of lifestyle.** Retirement is not just about money and tax. People who defer their RRSPs to age 71 are also deferring their lifestyle. Think about this... if you have not used any of your RRSPs by the time you turn 71, what makes you think you will need your money after 71? Many people defer taking income from their RRSPs to age 71 and then only take the minimum income because they are required to, but don't even spend that money. And then they die with large RRSPs. This is against the tax-saving purpose.
- 4 Taxation of RRSPs at death.** The tax consequences of having a large RRSP at the time of death can be significant. You may wind up paying even more tax when you pass away than if you developed a withdrawal strategy while you were living because the RRSPs are all taxed at once. You would never withdraw all of your RRSPs at once while you are living because the tax hit would be too severe but that's exactly what happens when you die. It's like taking all your RRSPs out at once and taking the big tax hit in one shot. Deferring tax to retirement makes sense but deferring tax to death may be counterproductive from a taxation perspective.

Good planning will make all the difference so take this information and apply it to your own personal situation.

Please seek individual tax and/or estate planning advice from your accountant/lawyer. They are qualified to assess your personal situation. Alta West Capital is not an accounting or legal firm and does not provide tax or estate advice.

WHAT HAPPENS WHEN I MAKE WITHDRAWALS FROM MY RRSP?

You pay a withholding tax. Your financial institution will hold back the tax on the amount you take out and pay it directly to the government on your behalf. The withholding tax rate is between 10% and 30%, depending on how much you take out of your RRSP. In Quebec, the rate is between 5% and 15% and there will also be provincial tax withheld.

If you withdraw	Withholding tax rate (except Quebec)	Withholding tax rate in Quebec
Up to \$5,000	10%	5%
Between \$5,000 and \$15,000	20%	10%
More than \$15,000	30%	15%

Example: You want to take out \$20,000 from your RRSP this year. After the 30% withholding tax (\$6,000) is applied, you end up with \$14,000.

The amount you withdraw is taxable income. You must report the amounts you withdraw from your RRSP as income. At that time, you may have to pay more tax on the money – on top of the withholding tax. It depends on your total income and tax situation.

HOW IS A TFSA DIFFERENT FROM AN RRSP?

There are many clever ways to make the TFSA and RRSP work together to improve your wealth. As a general rule, RRSPs are a good choice for longer-term goals such as retirement, while TFSAs work better for more immediate objectives, such as a house down payment. A TFSA is also a good place to save if you have reached your RRSP contribution limit.

	TFSA	RRSP
LIMITS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The maximum contribution limit is set by the government annually. Any unused contributions can be carried forward. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The contribution limit is based on an individual's earned income from the previous year, up to a maximum amount (e.g. in 2019, the limit is \$26,500.00 less your pension adjustment or the amount indicated in your 2018 Notice Of Assessment).
TAX DEDUCTIBILITY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contributions are not tax-deductible and therefore do not reduce taxable income. Income/returns earned on investments are tax-free. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contributions are tax-deductible and therefore reduce taxable income. Income/returns earned on investments are tax-sheltered until withdrawn.
WITHDRAWALS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Withdrawals are not added to taxable income - they are tax-free. Plus, withdrawals can be "re-contributed" in subsequent years 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Withdrawals are added to taxable income and taxed at the applicable marginal tax rate. Withdrawals cannot be "re-contributed" in subsequent years.

ARE SPOUSAL RRSPs STILL USEFUL?

In October 2007, the government introduced new pension splitting rules allowing Canadians to split pension income with their spouse. Therefore, traditional income-splitting no longer may be applicable.

Here are situations in which the spousal RRSP is still useful:

- If you are planning to retire before age 65 and don't have a registered pension plan; spousal RRSPs allow income-splitting before age 65, whereas pension income-splitting normally begins at age 65
- If you are saving for a home (each person can withdraw \$35,000 under the Home Buyers' Plan)
- If you're 71 or older and can no longer contribute to your own RRSP, you can still contribute to your spouse's RRSP if you have earned income and your spouse is younger than 71
- If you and your spouse want to make the balance of assets in your household more equal

CAN I BORROW FROM MY RRSP?

Buy your first home: You and your spouse each can borrow up to \$35,000 from your RRSPs for a down-payment on your first home under the government's Home Buyers' Plan (HBP). You won't pay any tax on the money as long as you pay it back over the next 15 years.

Pay for education or training: You and your spouse each can borrow up to \$20,000 from your RRSPs to pay for full-time or part-time education or training expenses under the government's Lifelong Learning Plan (LLP). The maximum you can take out in any year is \$10,000. You won't pay any tax on the money as long as you pay it back over a period of 10 years. You can't borrow money from your RRSP to pay for your child's education. But you can save tax-free for your child's post-secondary education in a Registered Education Savings Plan (RESP).

In general, remember to think about taxes in your retirement years. Consider how you can lower your taxable income in retirement. The fewer taxes you have to pay, the more money you can spend on having fun!



Investing in an RRSP at Alta West Capital (AWC)

HOW DO I OPEN AN RRSP ACCOUNT?

Contact the Investor Relations team at AWC at investor.relations@awcapital.ca or (403) 254-9075 ext. 4218 and they will be happy to send you the appropriate documents required to open your RRSP plan and initiate your investment into the MIC of your choice.

WHAT HAPPENS IF I WOULD LIKE TO TRANSFER AN EXISTING RRSP ACCOUNT IN ORDER TO BE ABLE TO INVEST WITH ALTA WEST?

Your RRSP will have to be transferred to an institution that administers exempt market products. For registered plans (RRSP/TFSA/RESP) many Alta West investors use Olympia Trust Company.

Contact the Investor Relations team at AWC and they will assist you to complete the necessary paperwork.

WHAT IS THE COST OF OPENING A REGISTERED PLAN?

The annual fee for a registered plan at Olympia Trust Company is \$150.00 plus tax. A purchase into the MIC of your choice is a per transaction charge of \$75.00 plus tax. These costs should be considered when making your decision to open a registered plan.



Investing your RRSP in AWM Diversified MIC

WHAT WOULD THE VALUE OF MY RRSP BE IF I CONTRIBUTED \$10,000.00 EACH YEAR FOR 10 YEARS TO AWM DIVERSIFIED MIC (AND RE-INVESTED DIVIDENDS)?

The value of your account with the assumptions outlined will be \$157,380.37. This is based off AWM Diversified MIC actual returns and an annual contribution is made at the beginning of AWM Diversified MIC fiscal year ending from 2013 - 2022.



The graph above is based on a hypothetical investment amount. The data shown above assumes that an annual \$10,000.00 net contribution is made for 10 years at the start of each AWM Diversified MIC fiscal year (April 1) using actual historical returns of the MIC starting 2012. This graph also assumes that dividends are received tax free and fully reinvested. This chart is provided for illustrative purposes to demonstrate the impact of compound returns over long investment periods based on actual AWM Diversified MIC historical returns.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Actual performance will vary. There is no assurance AWM Diversified MIC will achieve its objectives or be able to pay dividends consistent with historical payments. As such, dividends are subject to all the risks of AWM Diversified MIC's operations and industry and investments generally, including the ability of borrowers to make applicable payments under mortgages comprising AWM Diversified MIC's portfolio, real estate values, interest rates, unexpected costs, competition, the economy generally, and other factors beyond the control of AWM Diversified MIC. There is a liquidity risk as preferred shares of AWM Diversified MIC are not publicly traded and you may be unable to sell or redeem them in a timely manner, or at all. For a detailed list of many risk factors related to an investment in preferred shares of AWM Diversified MIC, see Item 8 of its current Offering Memorandum and Alta West Capital Relationship Disclosure Document.

All published information set out herein is for general information purposes and is not intended to be a solicitation or advice relevant to the reader's specific financial situation and suitability of the client's investment. Technical information is for general information purposes only and not intended to serve as a full or comprehensive description and should not be relied upon. Any information provided here has been obtained from sources believed to be accurate but cannot be guaranteed. Any opinions expressed in this document are based on analysis of market events and circumstances as at the date of publication and are subject to change. Alta West Capital does not undertake to notify the reader of any subsequent changes.

The information contained herein is for general information purposes and is not intended to constitute tax advice. Alta West Capital does not warrant the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein and does not undertake to notify the reader of any changes to tax regulation or the application of tax regulation since the date of publication.

Diversification in your portfolio is important. Please note Alta West Capital has no ability or expertise to provide meaningful overall portfolio analysis of all your separate investment classes to diversify your individual portfolio. Alta West Capital is a captive exempt market dealer as it only sells investment products that are connected to Alta West Capital and is therefore only able to provide recommendations on its own funds and cannot offer the investor alternative options or opinions on other investments. Alta West Capital is also a "connected issuer" to the Alta West Capital MICs and SIF as defined in National Instrument 33-105 Underwriting Conflict, because of common ownership and management between Alta West Capital, the Alta West Capital MICs and SIF.

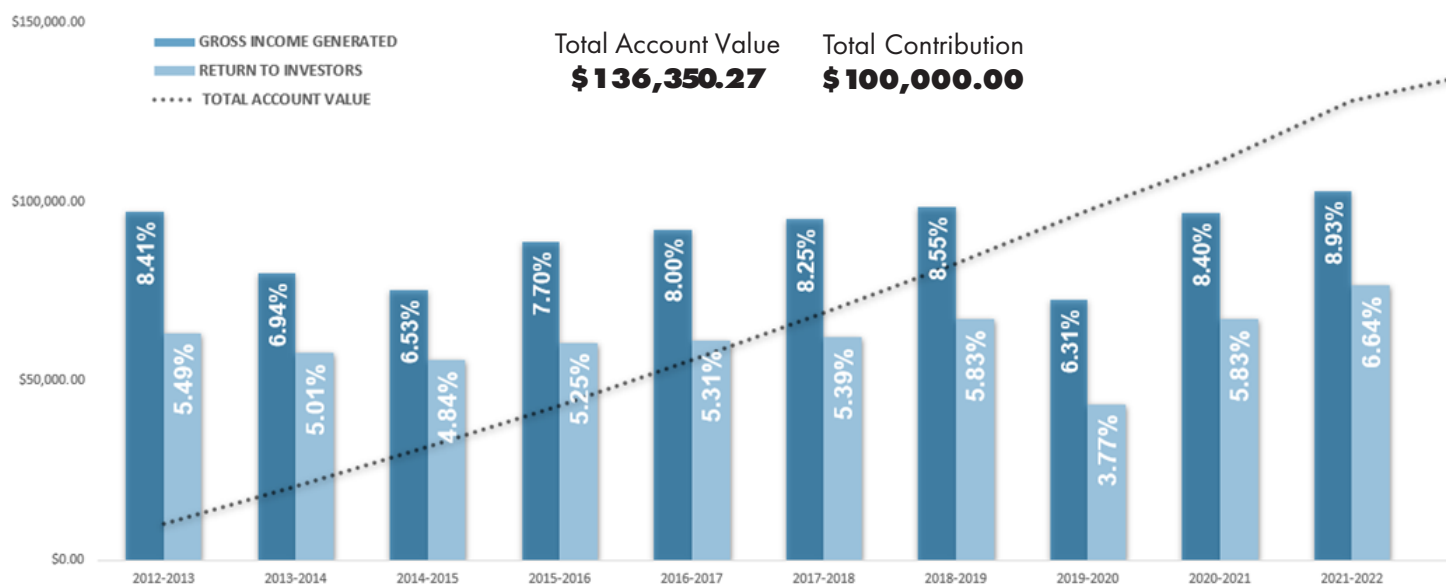
Alta West Capital is registered as an Exempt Market Dealer ("EMD"), Restricted Portfolio Manager ("RPM") and Investment Fund Manager ("IFM") in the province of Alberta. The firm is also registered in the provinces of British Columbia, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Yukon as an EMD. This information is directed only to residents of those provinces. For more information, contact Investor Relations at (403) 254-9075 ext. 4218 or by email at investor.relations@awcapital.ca.

Alta West Capital holds a mortgage broker license in British Columbia, Alberta, and Ontario. **FSCO Brokerage License 12633, FSCO Mortgage Admin License 12634.**

Investing your RRSP in First Place MIC

WHAT WOULD THE VALUE OF MY RRSP BE IF I CONTRIBUTED \$10,000.00 EACH YEAR FOR 10 YEARS TO FIRST PLACE MIC (AND RE-INVESTED DIVIDENDS)?

The value of your account with the assumptions outlined will be \$136,350.27. This is based off First Place MIC actual returns and an annual contribution is made at the beginning of First Place MIC fiscal year ending from 2013 - 2022.



The graph above is based on a hypothetical investment amount. The data shown above assumes that an annual \$10,000.00 net contribution is made for 10 years at the start of each First Place MIC fiscal year (November 1) using actual historical returns of the MIC starting 2012. This graph also assumes that dividends are received tax free and fully reinvested. This chart is provided for illustrative purposes to demonstrate the impact of compound returns over long investment periods based on actual First Place MIC historical returns.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Actual performance will vary. There is no assurance First Place MIC will achieve its objectives or be able to pay dividends consistent with historical payments. As such, dividends are subject to all the risks of First Place MIC's operations and industry and investments generally, including the ability of borrowers to make applicable payments under mortgages comprising First Place MIC's portfolio, real estate values, interest rates, unexpected costs, competition, the economy generally, and other factors beyond the control of First Place MIC. There is a liquidity risk as preferred shares of First Place MIC are not publicly traded and you may be unable to sell or redeem them in a timely manner, or at all. For a detailed list of many risk factors related to an investment in preferred shares of First Place MIC, see Item 8 of its current Offering Memorandum and Alta West Capital Relationship Disclosure Document.

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